# Govt. P. G. College, Ambala Cantt

## Course File: (Session 2023-24) Name of Professor: Dr. Priyanka Class: B.Sc.-II (NM), Semester – IVth Subject code and Name: Physics- PH-401, Paper VII: Statistical Physics

Max.Marks:40 Internal assessment: 10 Time: 3 Hours

Note: 1. The syllabus is divided into 4 units. 9 questions will be set. 2. Question no 1 will be compulsory, it contains 6 parts (form all the four units) and answer should be brief but not in yes / no. 3. Four more questions are to be attempted, selecting one question from each unit. Questions 2-9 may contain two or more parts. All questions carry equal marks. 4. 20% numerical problems are to be set. 5. Use of scientific (non-programmable) calculator is allowed

**Unit** –**I: Statistical Physics I** Microscopic and Macroscopic systems, events-mutually exclusive, dependent and independent. Probability, statistical probability, A- priori Probability and relation between them, probability theorems, some probability considerations, combinations possessing maximum probability, combination possessing minimum probability, Tossing of 2,3 and any number of Coins, Permutations and combinations, distributions of N (for N= 2,3,4) distinguishable and indistinguishable particles in two boxes of equal size, Micro and Macro states, Thermodynamical probability, Constraints and Accessible states, Statistical fluctuations, general distribution of distinguishable particles in thermal contact--  $\beta$  parameter, Entropy and Probability (Boltzman's relation).

**Unit** –**II: Statistical Physics II** Postulates of statistical physics, Phase space, Division of Phase space into cells, three kinds of statistics, basic approach in three statistics. M. B. statistics applied to an ideal gas in equilibrium- energy distribution law (including evaluation of  $\sigma$  and  $\beta$ ), speed distribution law & velocity distribution law. Expression for average speed, r.m.s. speed, average velocity, r. m. s. velocity, most probable energy & mean energy for Maxwellian distribution.

Unit-III: Quantum Statistics Need for Quantum Statistics: Bose-Einstein energy distribution law, Application of B.E. statistics to Planck's radiation law B.E. gas, Degeneracy and B.E. Condensation, Fermi Dirac energy distribution law, F.D. gas and Degeneracy, Fermi energy and Fermi temperature, Fermi Dirac energy distribution law, Fermi Dirac gas and degeneracy, Fermi energy and Fermi temperature, Fermi Dirac energy distribution law for electron gas in metals, Zero point energy, Zero point pressure and average speed (at 0 K) of electron gas, Specific heat anomaly of metals and its solution. M.B. distribution as a limiting case of B.E. and F.D. distributions, Comparison of three statistics.

**Unit-IV: Theory of Specific Heat of Solids**: Dulong and Petit law, Derivation of Dulong and Petit law from classical physics. Specific heat at low temperature, Einstein theory of specific heat, Criticism of Einstein theory, Debye model of specific heat of solids, success and shortcomings of Debye theory, comparison of Einstein and Debye theories.

**References:** 1. Prakash S and Agarwal J P, Statistical Mechanics, Kedar Nath Ram Nath & co, Meerut.

- 2. Reiff. Statistical Physics, Berleley Physics Course Volume 5, Mc Graw Hill Book Co Ltd, New Delhi
- 3. Mc Quarrie D A. Statistical Mechanics, Viva Books Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 4. Ashley Cmter (August 1999), Classical and Statistical Thermodynamics.

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course in statistical mechanics provides the basic idea of probability to the students.

- 1. There are ways of calculating probability for various statistical systems of particles.
- 2. Students will study basic ideology of phase space, microstate, macrostate.
- 3. The objective is to apply the principles of probability in distribution of particles in various systems and to calculate thermodynamic probability.
- 4. The course gives the insight of postulates of statistical physics.
- 5. Students will learn the different types of statistics distribution and particles. They will learn which particles follow which statistics and why.

### **Course Outcomes:**

CO-1 Understand the concepts of microstate, macrostate, thermodynamic probability and also understand the studies of particles with their distinguishably or indistinguishably nature and conditions which lead to the three different distribution laws e.g. Maxwell Boltzmann distribution, Bose-Einstein distribution and Fermi-Dirac distribution laws of particles.

CO-2 Learn the basic Postulates of statistical physics, Phase space, Division of Phase space into cells and be able to derive the expression for average speed, r.m.s. speed, average velocity, r. m. s. velocity, most probable energy & mean energy for Maxwellian distribution.

CO-3 Understand the need and application of Quantum Statistics: Bose-Einstein & Fermi Dirac statistics and be able to articulate the connection as well as dichotomy between classical statistical mechanics and quantum statistical mechanics.

CO-4 Learn and understand the different law's and theory of specific heat of solids and their significance.

S. No.	Date	Торіс
1.	8 <sup>th</sup> Jan 2024-13 <sup>th</sup>	Unit -I: Statistical Physics I - Microscopic and Macroscopic
	Jan2024	systems, events-mutually exclusive, dependent and independent.
		Probability, statistical probability, A- priori Probability and relation
		between them, probability theorems, some probability
		considerations, combinations possessing maximum probability,

#### Lesson Plan

		combination possessing minimum probability.
2.	15 <sup>th</sup> Jan 2024-20 <sup>th</sup> Jan2024	Tossing of 2, 3 and any number of Coins, Permutations and combinations, distributions of N (for $N=2,3,4$ ) distinguishable and indistinguishable particles in two boxes of equal size.
		Related Problems and Discussions.
3.	22 <sup>th</sup> Jan 2024-27 <sup>th</sup> Jan2024	<ul> <li>Micro and Macro states, Thermodynamical probability, Constraints and Accessible states, Statistical fluctuations, general distribution of distinguishable particles in compartments of different sizes.</li> <li>Test &amp; Assignment</li> </ul>
4.	29 <sup>th</sup> Jan 2024-3 <sup>rd</sup>	Condition of equilibrium between two systems in thermal contact—
	Feb2024	$\beta$ parameter, Entropy and Probability (Boltzman's relation).
		Unit –II: Statistical Physics II, Postulates of statistical physics Phase space.
5.	5 <sup>th</sup> Feb 2024- 10 <sup>th</sup> Feb	Division of Phase space into cells, three kinds of statistics, Basic
	2024	approach in three statistics. M. B. statistics applied to an ideal gas in
		equilibrium- energy distribution law (including evaluation of o and
		β).
6.	12 <sup>th</sup> Feb 2024- 17 <sup>th</sup>	Speed distribution law & velocity distribution law. Expression for
	Feb 2024	average speed, r.m.s. speed, average velocity, r. m. s. velocity, most probable energy & mean energy for Maxwellian distribution.
		Related Problems, Discussion & Test
7.	19 <sup>th</sup> Feb 2024- 24 <sup>th</sup>	Unit-III: Quantum Statistics
	Feb 2024	Need for Quantum Statistics: Bose-Einstein energy distribution law, Application of B.E. statistics to Planck's radiation law B.E. gas.
8.	26 <sup>th</sup> Feb 2024- 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Degeneracy and B.E. Condensation, Fermi-Dirac energy
	March 2024	distribution law. <b>Doubts</b>
9.	4 <sup>th</sup> March 2024-9 <sup>th</sup>	Fermi Dirac gas and degeneracy, Fermi energy and Fermi
	March 2024	temperature.
		Related Problems & Discussion
10.	11 <sup>th</sup> March 2024-16 <sup>th</sup> March 2024	Fermi Dirac energy distribution law for electron gas inmetals, Zero point energy, Zero point pressure and average speed (at 0 K) of electron gas.

		Related Problems & Discussion
11.	18 <sup>th</sup> March 2024-22 <sup>nd</sup> March 2024	Specific heat anomaly of metals and its solution. M.B. distribution as a limiting case of B.E. and F.D. distributions, Comparison of three statistics. <b>Test &amp; Assignment</b>
	23 <sup>rd</sup> March 2024 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024	HOLI BREAK
12.	1 <sup>st</sup> April 2024 to 6 <sup>th</sup> April 2024	Unit-IV: Theory of Specific Heat of Solids Dulong and Petit law. Derivation of Dulong and Petit law from classical physics. Specific heat at low temperature.
13.	8 <sup>th</sup> April 2024 to 13 <sup>th</sup> April 2024	Einstein theory of specific heat, Criticism of Einstein theory, <b>Test and Discussion</b> .
14.	15 <sup>th</sup> April 2024 to 20 <sup>th</sup> April 2024	Debye model of specific heat of solids, success and shortcomings of Debye theory, comparison of Einstein and Debye theories. <b>Revision</b>
15.	22 <sup>th</sup> April 2024 to 27 <sup>th</sup> April 2024	Revision: Doubts and Discussion.
16.	29 <sup>th</sup> April 2024 to 30 <sup>th</sup> April 2024	Revision: Doubts and Discussion.